



परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था
Atomic Energy Education Society
कार्यपत्रक / Worksheet (2025-26)

कक्षा /Class: VII विषय /Subject: SOCIAL SCIENCE माह/ Month: APRIL अंक/Marks: 40

माह/ Month: APRIL दिया गया पाठ्यक्रम/Portion covered: chapter 12 work sheet

विद्यार्थी का नाम/Name of the student: _____

अनुक्रमांक /Roll No._____ **कक्षा/अनुभाग Class /Sec.:**_____ **दिनांक /Date:** _____

I Choose the correct answer.

(15x1= 15)

1. What is a market?

- A) A place where goods are produced
- B) A place where goods and services are bought and sold
- C) A place where people meet
- D) A place where goods are stored

2. What is the main purpose of a market?

- A) To provide jobs
- B) To facilitate buying and selling
- C) To make profits
- D) To regulate prices

3. What do buyers and sellers interact in?

- A) Market
- B) Store
- C) Factory
- D) Office

4. What determines the price of a product in a market?

- A) The government decides
- B) Buyers and sellers decide based on supply and demand
- C) Only the seller decides
- D) Only the buyer decides

5. Why do people go to a market?

- A) To play games
- B) To buy and sell goods and services
- C) To watch movies
- D) To study

6.What happens when the demand for a product is more than its supply?

- A) The price of the product goes down
- B) The price of the product goes up
- C) The price stays the same
- D) The product is free

7. What is Hampi Bazaar known for?

- A) Modern shopping
- B) Traditional handicrafts and souvenirs
- C) Fresh produce
- D) Luxury goods

8. Where is Hampi Bazaar located?

- A) In a modern city
- B) Near the Hampi ruins in Karnataka
- C) In a coastal town
- D) In the mountains

9.What is a domestic market?

- A) A market where goods are bought and sold within a country
- B) A market where goods are bought and sold between countries
- C) A market for luxury goods only
- D) A market for local produce only

10.What is the main difference between domestic and international markets?

- A) The type of goods sold
- B) The location of the buyers and sellers (within a country vs. across countries)
- C) The price of goods
- D) The number of buyers

11.Why do countries engage in international trade?

- A) To sell surplus goods within their own country
- B) To buy goods not produced domestically and to sell domestic goods to other countries
- C) To reduce the number of goods in the domestic market
- D) To increase taxes on goods

MCQs on Wholesale and Retail Markets

12.What is a wholesale market?

- A) A market where goods are sold directly to consumers
- B) A market where goods are sold in bulk to retailers
- C) A market for luxury goods only
- D) A market for local produce only

13.Who buys from a retail market?

- A) Businesses
- B) Individual consumers

- C) Wholesalers
- D) Manufacturers

14. What is a key feature of retail markets?

- A) Goods are sold in large quantities
- B) Goods are sold directly to consumers in small quantities
- C) Goods are sold only online
- D) Goods are sold at discounted prices only

15. What is one way markets contribute to people's lives?

- A) By providing entertainment
- B) By providing goods and services to meet daily needs
- C) By enforcing laws and regulations
- D) By offering educational services

II. Answer in short. (Write any five).

(5×3=15)

1. What type of products are typically sold in Hampi Bazaar?
2. What is the primary function of a market?
3. How do markets facilitate economic activity?
4. How do markets benefit consumers?
5. What role do markets play in providing employment opportunities?
6. What is FSSAI?

III. Answer (any two) the following questions.

(2×5=10)

1. How does the government protect consumers in the market? Give examples of government actions that help consumers.?
2. How can consumers assess the quality of products and services ?
3. What are the main differences between domestic and international markets? Explain with examples.?
4. Why do businesses engage in international trade? What benefits do they gain from selling their products in foreign markets?